asi saasi masa kasa kala maa saata madala miinda aa ay oo ho L 08188-67 EMP(o)/EMT(m) ACC NR1 AP6032931 UR/0288/66/000/002/0156/0158 SOURCE CODE: AUTHOR: Ishchenko, V. N.; Lisitsyn, V. N. 37 ORG: Institute of Semiconductor Physics, Siborian Section AN SSSR, Novosibirsk (Institut fiziki poluprovodnikov, Sibirskogo otedleniya AN SSSR, Novosibirsk) TITLE: Generation of ruby at two R-lines Seriya tekhnicheskikh nauk, no. 2, 1966, Sibirskoye otdeleniye. SOURCE: AN SSSR. 156-158 TOPIC TAGS: laser emission, ruby laser ABSTRACT: In the luminescence spectrum of a ruby there are observed two strong lines at wavelength of 6943 Å (R<sub>1</sub>-line) and 6929 Å (R<sub>2</sub>-line). The intensity and the width of the R<sub>2</sub>-line satisfy the condition for generation at a wavelength of 6922 Å. However, between the sublevels from which the R-lines start, transfer of energy takes place at a speed of the order of 10 sec; therefore, the induced radiation at the R -line which appears earlier reduces the population of both levels, and the condition for generation at the Ry-line cannot be satisfied. The present work used a method involving the introduction into the resonator of a dispersing prism, used in gas lasers for tuning the resonator to a determined wavelength. All the measurements were made with a rose ruby 8 mm in diameter and with a length of 50 mm, with two flash bulbs fed VDC: Card 1/2

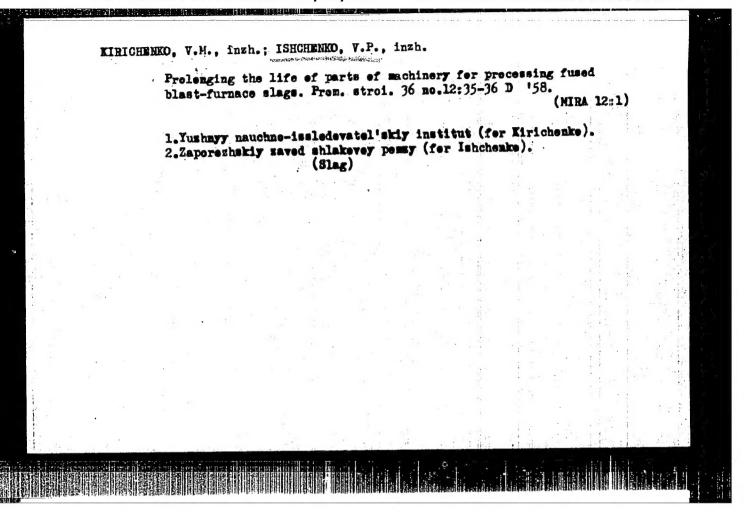
L 08188-67

ACC NR: AF6032931

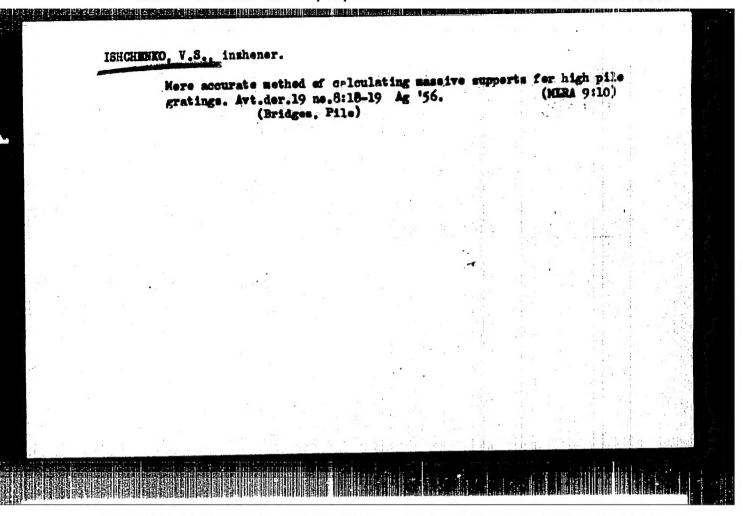
by a battery of condensers with a capacitance of 880 microfarads. The distance between the mirrors was 150 cm. In such a resonance generator, generation at the R<sub>1</sub> line appears at a boosting energy of approximately 1 kilojoule. It is assumed that the losses in the resonator are approximately the same for both lines. Generation at the R<sub>2</sub>-line should then appear at a boosting energy of 1.22 kilojoules, if the induced radiation at the R<sub>2</sub>-line is suppressed. A figure, based on the experimental data, shows the dependence of the luminescence power of the ruby on the pumping energy for the R<sub>3</sub>- and R<sub>2</sub>-lines. The conclusion is drawn that for a ruby crystal of good quality, the region of generation at both lines is substantially narrower, and that there is competition between the R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> lines. "In conclusion, the authors thanks G<sub>2</sub>. V.

Krivoshchekov for his interest in the work and V. P. Chebotayev for his valuable advice." Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

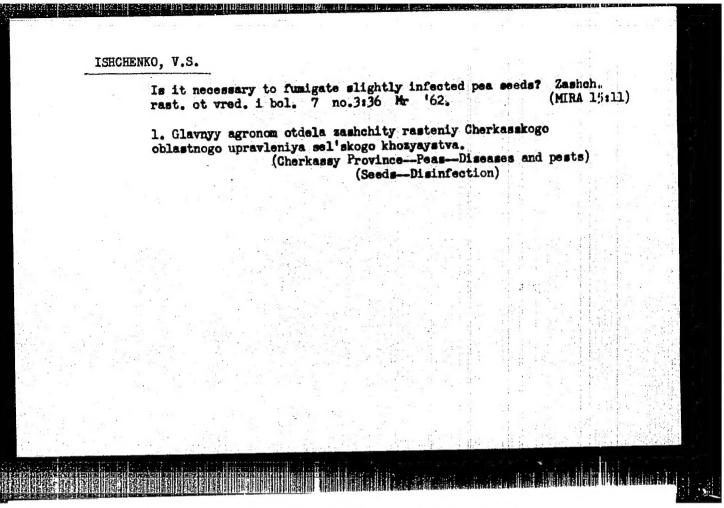
SUB CODE: 20/ SUEM DATE: 26Dec64/ ORIG REF: CO2/ OTH REF: OO4

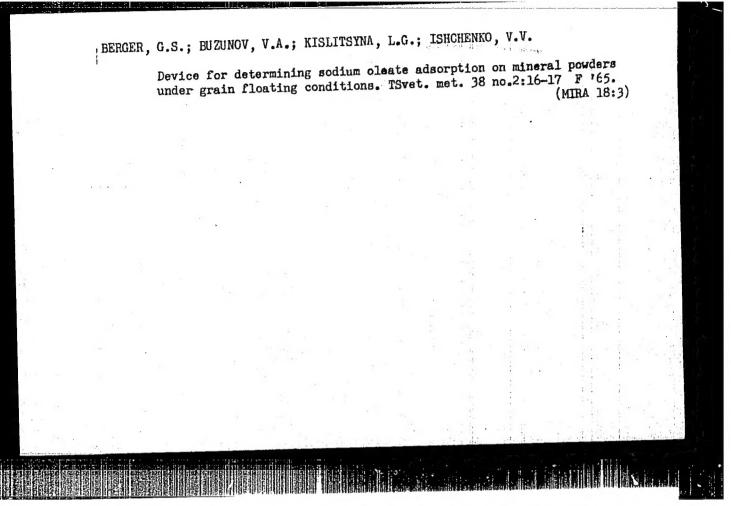


	Heat transfer	Heat transfer in the evaporation of water from a porous wall swept by air. Teploenergetika 8 no.1:65-72 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:4)					
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	1. Moskovskiy	energeticheskiy	ransmission)				
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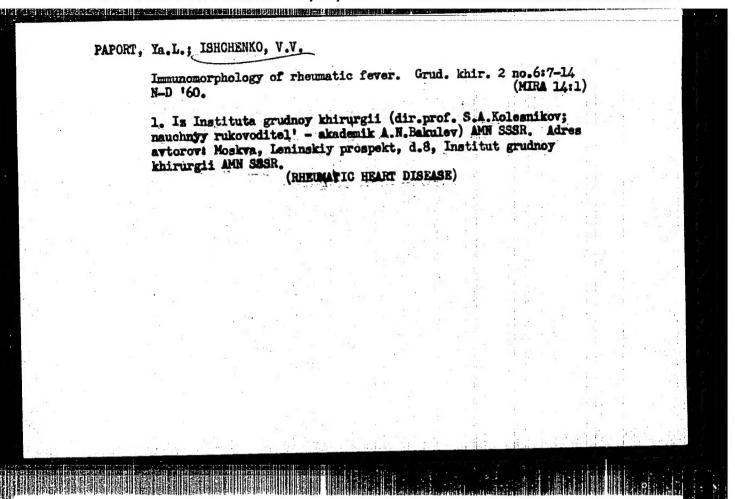


First results of the study of the spore-pollen domposition of Mesosoic sediments in the northern part of the Pechora Depression. Mat. po geol. i pol. iskop. SevVost. Evrop. chasti SSSR. no.2:17-23 162. (MIRA 15:11)						
162.	(Pechora Depression—Palynology)					
	Men e Nama di kacamatan basa da Mandala Ing Panggi					





APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4"



SERGEYEV, V.M., kend.med.nauk; KAZNIN, V.P.; GOLONZKO, R.R.; ISHCHEKKO, V.V.

Treatment of complications following prosthetic filling of the residual pleural cavity with polyurethane sponge. Khirurgiia no.1:77-83 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Iz Instituta serdechno-sosudistoy khirurgii (dir. - prof. S.A. Kolesnikov; nauchnyy rukovoditel' - akad. A.N. Bakulev)

AMN SSSR. (IUNGS—SURGERY) (URETHANKS—THERAPEUTIC USE)

GENIN, N.M.; PETROSYAN, M.V.; ISHCHENKO, V.V.

Role of rheumatic fever in the development of a relapse of mitral stenosis. Kardiologiia 3 no.5:15-17 S-0 '63. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Iz kafedry serdechno-sosudistoy khirurgii (zav. - prof. S.A. Kolesnikov) TSentral'nogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey, biokhimicheskoy laboratorii (zav. - prof. Ye.P. Stepanyan) i laboratorii patomorfologii (zav. - prof. Ya.L. Rapoport) Instituta serdechno-sosudistoy khirurgii (dir. - prof. S.A. Kolesnikov, nauchnyy rukovoditel' - akademik A.N. Bakulev) AMN SSSR.

BUKHARIN, V.A.; KHOAN SYU-CHZHUN; ISHCHENKO, V.V. (Moskva)

Unusual form of developmental defect of the atrioventicular canal. Grudn. khir. 5 no.4:86-88 J1-Ag\*63 (MIRA 17:1)

1. Adres avtorov: Moskva V-49, Leninskiy prosp., d.8. Institut serdechno-sosudistoy khirurgii AMN SSSR.

GRISHAKOV, B.Ya.; ISHCENKO, V.Ya.; MAL'TSEV, V.F.

Kilning green brick in yards. Suggested by B.IA.Grishakov. V.IA.Ishchenko, V.F.Mal'tsev. Rats.i izobr.predl. v stroi. no.10:57-59 59. (MIRA 12:11)

1. Po materialam savoda "Krasnyy Aksay" Rostovskogo-na-Domi sovnarkhosa. (Brickmaking)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618880001-

ISHCHENKO, Ya., inzh.

Erecting an earth dam with heavy self-propelled scrapers. Transp. stroi. 15 no.5:5-7 My 165. (MIRA 18:7)

ISHCHENKO, Ya.P.; GRITSYK, V.I.

Leveling filled ground with a pneumatic roller. Mekh. strol.
(MIRA 14:7)

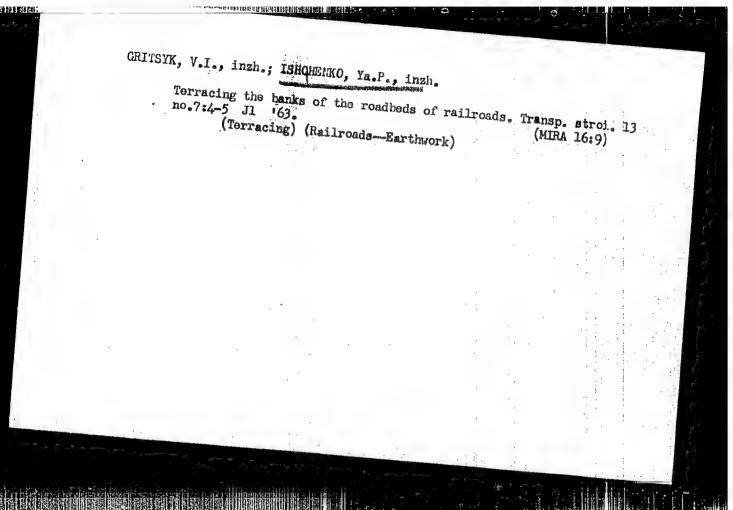
(Road rollers)

GRITSYK, V. I., inzh.; ISHCHENKO, Ya. P.

Choosing a method of protecting the earth roadbed from erosion. Transp. stroi. 13 no.3:8-10 Mr 163.

(MIRA 16:4)

(Soil binding) (Railroads-Earthwork)

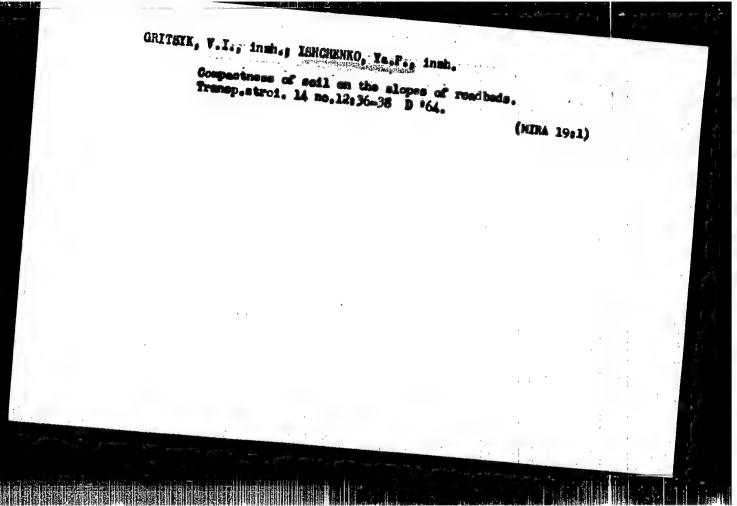


CRITSTK, V.T., inches ISHCHENKO, Yd.P., inches

Design of branch lives along the trunk-live on the law of the standard partiest fermanent lines. From a standard partiest fermanent lines.

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CIA-KDP86-00513R000618830001-2



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4"

RYMOV, A.I., inzh.; ISHCHENKO, Ye.F., inzh.

Methods for determining elementary reflections of parabolic reflectors. Svetotekhnika 4 no.10:12-16 0 '58. (MIRA 11:10)

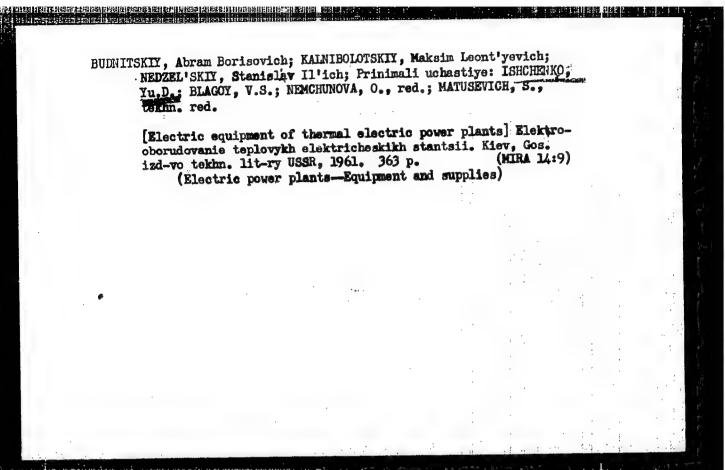
1. Vsesoyuznyy svetotekhnicheskiy institut. (Projectors)

ISHCHENKO, YE. S., LIKHACHEVA, YE. M.

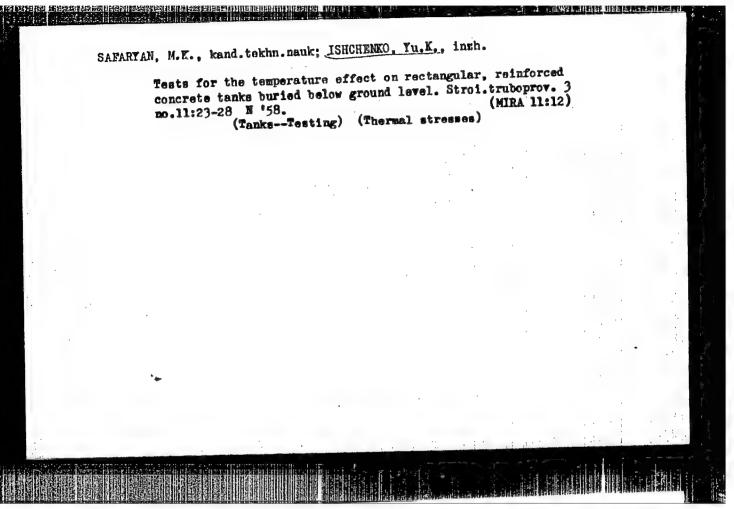
Typhoid Fever

Care of typhoid fever patients. Med.sestra No. 5, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.



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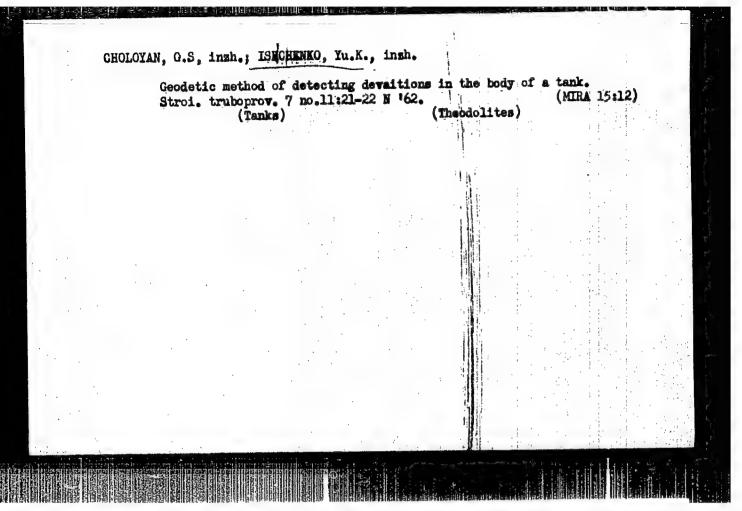
SAFARYAN, Misak Kapatetovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; ISHCHENKO, Yuriy

Konstantinovich, inzh.; MESROFYAN, Nikolay Mushegovich, inzh.;

RAZUMOVSKAYA, T.Ya., red.; DEMIDOV, Ya.F., tekhn. red.

[Srudy of the behavior of rectangular reinforced concrete tanks under the effect of temperature change; general conclusions from experience in design, construction, and operation]Issledowanie raboty priamougol'nykh zhelezobetomykh rezervuarov pri temperaturnykh vozdeistviiakh; obobshchenie opyta proektirovaniia, stroitel'stva i ekspluatatsii. Moskva, VNIIST Glavgaza SSSR, redaktsionno-izdatel'skii otdel, 1961. 166 p. (MIRA 15:9)

(Tanks) (Concrete construction)

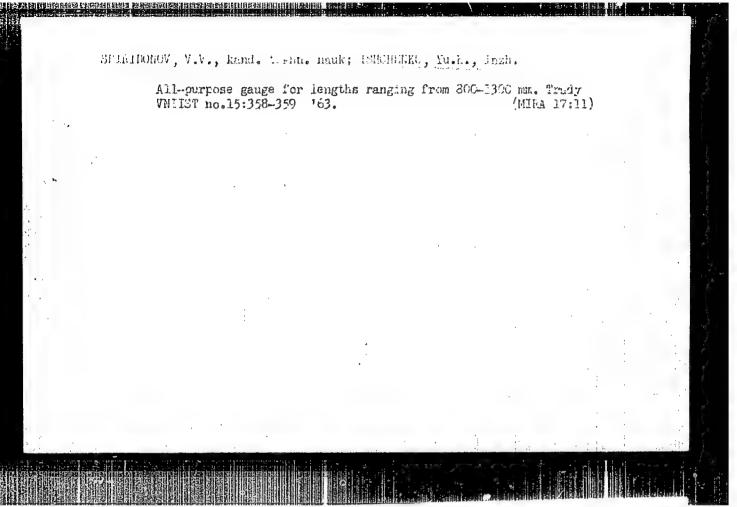


APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4"

ISHCHENKO, Yu.K.: ARZUNYAN, A.S.; VEREVKIN, S.I.

Increase the dependability of steel tanks. Stroi. truboprov. 8 no.11:14-16 \*63 (MIRA 17:7)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut po stroitel stvu magistral nykh truboprovodov (for Ishchenko). 2. Odesskiy neftyanoy tekhnikum (for Arzunyan). 3. Gosudarstvennyy institut po proyektirovaniyu spetsial nykh sooruzheniy promyshlennogo stroitel stva (for Verevkin).



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4"

S/135/60/000/005/006/009 A115/A029

AUTHORS:

Budnik, N.M.; Zolotykh, V.T.; - Candidates of Technical Sciences;

Gufan, R.M.; Ishchenko, Yu.L.; Sapov, P.M.; - Engineers

TITLE:

Automatic Arc-Spot Riveting \%

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye prozvodstvo, 1960, No. 5, pp. 32 - 35

TEXT: Flux welding used in the manufacture of agricultural machines is carried out manually in most cases. The apparatus 3PCM-8 (ERSM-8) designed by Rostsel'mash (Rostov Agricultural Machine Plant) has several drawbacks. A new apparatus was developed by the plant, the distinguishing feature of which is a new welding head. A diagram of the head is shown. The new machine equipped with this head makes it possible to facilitate welding, to increase the productivity, to reduce the consumption of electric energy and electrode wire. A detailed description of the operation principle is given. The new welding head can be used as Lasis for developing welding machines, with program control and also of universal and specialized multielectrode machines.

Card 1/1

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s/135/61/000/006/002/008 A006/A106

AUTHORS:

Ishchenko, Yu. L., and Dyurgerov, N. G., Engineers

TITLE:

Fusion of electrode and self-adjustment of arc in welding with

perio

periodic short-circuiting of the arc-gap

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no 6, 1961, 9-12

TEXT: Welding with 1 - 3 mm electrode wire in  $\rm CO_2$ , developed by the Institute of Electric Welding imeni Ye. O. Paton, is a process characterized by frequent short-circuiting of the arc gap. The advantages of this process are the use of low current values and a sharp reduction of splashing at optimum electric parameters of the welding circuit. Therefore the process is particularly promising for gas-electric welding. There is not, however, sufficient information available on the course of the process and on the self-adjustment of the arc. Experience has shown that an investigation of the effect of dynamical properties of the power supply on the nature of the process is of considerable importance. A necessary condition for the stability of the self-adjustment circuit during the absence of excitation is the equality of the feed and fusion rates of the electrodes  $\rm V_n = \rm V_e$ . During welding with periodic shorter cuiting of the arc gap,

Card 1/4.

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\$/135/61/000/006/002/008 A006/A106

Fusion of electrode and self-adjustment ... the current and the electrode fusion rate are constantly changing, and become somewhat stable only at the end of cycle (Fig. 1). The dependence of the fusion rate of the electrode on current and time during the described process was studied by oscillogramming and simultaneous high-speed filming, performed under the supervision of Candidates of Technical Sciences V. T. Zolotykh and N. M. Budnik. The analytical dependence of the arc length and the frequency of short-circuiting on the time constant of the welding current and inductivity are given. (Figs.2, 3,4). It was found that the process with periodic short-circuiting of the arc gap takes. place when the low voltage of the power source does not assure the passage through

the arc of current sufficiently high to assure the fusion of the electrode at a rate equal to its feed. The fusion rate of the electrode is practically inertialess at any changes of the arc current. The fusion rate changes inertialess even at 20 amp/mm2 current density. In the given case the mean density of current was 45 amp/mm<sup>2</sup> at 20 mm electrode throat and 2 mm diameter. Inductance L and time constant T of the welding circuit exert a considerable effect on the stability of the process and on splashing of the metal. The energy stored in the inductance during the short circuit assures intensified fusion of the electrode during the initial period of burning of the arc. At low inductance values its effect on the

mean fusion rate during the energy efficiency increases. The value of the time

Card 2/4

Fusion of electrode and self-adjustment ...

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constant of the welding circuit affects the frequency of short circuits and the maximum length of the arc, predetermining the stability of the process. (Reference 2: Zolotykh, V. T.; Gufan, R. M.; Dyurgerov, N. G., and Ishchenko, Yu. L. "The effect of inductance in a d-c arc circuit on welding in carbon dioxide" "Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 4, 1960"). It is stated that the process with intermittent short-circuiting of the arc gap can also be employed for submerged arc welding. There are 4 figures and 4 Soviet-Block references.

ASSOCIATION: Rostovskiy-na-Donu institut sel'khozmashinostroyeniya (Rostov-on-Don Institute of Agricultural Machine Building)

Figure 1:

Oscillogram of current and arc voltage during welding in carbon dioxide: U = 20 v; Vn = 1.7 m/min.

Figure 1:

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8/135/62/000/001/002/007 A004/A101

Dyurgerov, N.G., Ishchenko, Yu.L., Engineers

AUTHORS:

On the stability of the CO2-shielded short-arc welding process

TITLE:

PERIODICAL:

Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 1, 1962, 5 - 7

The authors report on investigations of the basic conditions of a stable cycle of the short-arc welding process of low-carbon steel in CO2 gas to establish the effects of the voltage and electrode feed on the course of the process. These investigations were carried out under the supervision of N.M. Budnik and V.T. Zolotykh, Candidates of Technical Sciences. It is pointed out. that, for the complete characteristic of the static and dynamic properties of the welding circuit, it is necessary to know the idle-run voltage (Uidle), industance of the welding circuit (L) and the active resistance of the welding circuit (R), determining the current variation curve. The short-arc welding process is stable if the following conditions are satisfied; 1) the arc voltage should have such a magnitude that the steady value of the arc current be smaller than the current necessary for the fusion of the electrode at a rate equal to its feed rate. 2) The presence of a definite inductance in the welding circuit is

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001 On the stability of the ...

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feed rate, the following three variants of the welding process exist: by shortcircuiting the arc gap, continuous burning of the arc and periodic discontinuities of the arc. When short-arc welding is carried out with electrode wire 1.6, 2 and 3 mm in diameter, the most satisfactory results are obtained at relative. ly low welding conditions. There are 4 figures; 3 tables and 5 references: 4

ASSOCIATION: Rostovskiy-na-Donu institut sel'khozmashinostroyeniya (Rostov-on-Don Institute of Agricultural Machine Building)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

DYURGEROV, N.G.; RYLOV, L.A.; ISHCHENKO, Yu.L.; TKACHENKO, V.A.;

BARILOV, O.A.; ZHIDKOV, A.T.; GRIGGRYEV, Q.G.

Using GSR-9000 generators for submerged arc welding.

Mashinostroitel no.9:33 S 162. (MIRA 15:9)

BUDNIK, N.M.; DYURGEROV, N.G.; ISHCHENKO, Yu.L.

100.13 (1.15) [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15] [1.15]

Possibility of hard facing in a cooling fluid without electrode vibration. Avtom. svar. 15 no.9:47-50 S '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu institut sel'skokhozyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya.

(Hard facing)

DYURCEROV, N.G.; ISHCHENKO, Yu.L.; GRIGOR'YEV, G.G.

A new efficient multiple-post welding system. Trakt. 1.sel'khozmash.
31 [1.e.32] no.ll:44-45 N '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Rostovskiy institut sel'skokhozyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya
(for Dyurgerov, Ishchenko). 2. Rostovskiy zavod gel'skokhozyaystvennogo
mashinostroyeniya (for Grigor'yev).
(Agricultural machinery—Welding) (Electric welding)

DYURGEROV, N.G., inzh.; ISHCHENKO, Yu.L.; inzh.; ZOLOTYKH, V.T., kand.
tekhn.nauk; SAPOV, P.M., inzh.; GRIGOR'YEV, G.G., inzh.; ZHIDKOV,
A.I., inzh.; BARILOV. O.A., inzh.

Multiple-operator automatic welding under flux without ballast rheostats. Svar. proizv. no.4:40 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu institut sel'skokhosyaystvennogo
mashinostroyeniya (for Dyurgerov, Ishchenko). 2. Rostovskiy savod
sel'skokhosyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya (for Sapov, Barilov,
Grigor'yev, Zhidkov).

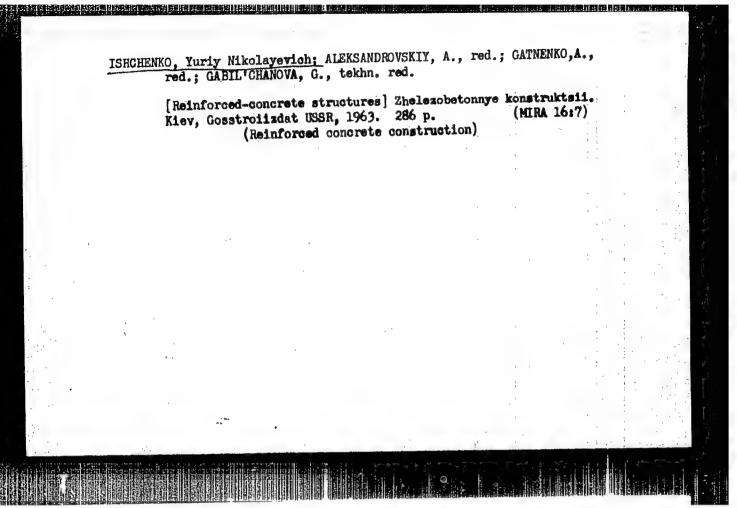
(Electric welding--Equipment and supplies)

ISHCHENKO, Yu.L., inzh.; DYURGEROV, N.G., inzh.

Mechanism of the periodical closing of the arc gap and the stability of welding with a short arc. Svar. proizv. no.9: 10-13 S '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu institut sel'skokhozyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya.

# Calculating the parameters of a two-position power supply system for welding arcs. Svar.proizv. no.12:13-16 D '65. (MIRA 18:12) 1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu institut sel'skokhozyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya.



SHPIL'OVIY, M.I. [Shpyl'ovyi, M.I.]; ISHCHENKO, Y.O. [Ishchenko, I.O.], inzh.

Give the green light to recent developments. Mekh. sil'. hosp.
14 no.ll:6-8 N'63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Upravlyayushchiy Nemirovskim rayonnym ob"yedineniyem
"Sil'gosptekhnika" Vinnitskoy oblasti (for Shpil'oviy).

ACC NR: AP7001838

SOURCE CODE: UR/0135/66/000/012/0014/0015

AUTHOR: Popenko, V. S. (Engineer); Bukarov, V. A. (Engineer); Ishchenko, Yu. S. (Engineer)

ORG: none

TITLE: Programming the regime of pulsating-arc welding of tubes

SOURCE: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 12, 1966, 14-15

TOPIC TAGS: automatic programming, thermal analysis method, pulse welding, are welding / 1Khl8N9T steel

ABSTRACT: The energy introduced into the metal in order to accomplish its uniform fusion may be regulated in two ways: by varying the pulse duration or by altering the welding current intensity. Programming with respect to welding current requires high-power regulation. Hence programming with respect to pulse duration is simpler and more reliable. The design and calculation of the welding arc cycle for the pulsating-arc welding of tubes reduce to the determination of: a) number of welding impulses (weld spots) required for the continuous welding of a tube of a given diameter and thickness; b) duration of pause between impulses; c) duration of

Card 1/3

UDC: 621.791.754 = 546.293:534:62-503.52:62-462

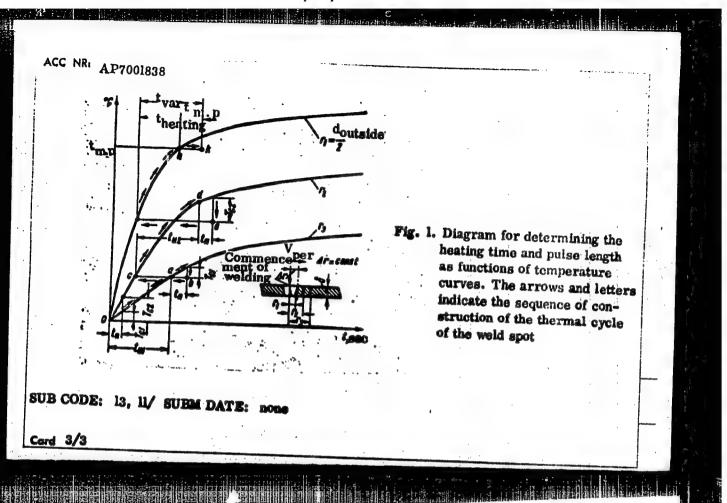
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ACC NR: AP7001838

impulse as a function of the tube material and dimensions. Point a) is determined as a function of the outside diameter of the tube, the outside diameter of the weld spot and the coefficient of overlap of weld spots. As for the pause between impulses, it must be the shortest possible so as to maximize the productivity of the process, yet sufficiently long to assure the solidification of the molten metal in the weld puddle so there would be no flow of molten metal from one weld puddle to the next. As for the duration of the impulse, it must be tailored to the time required to melt the puddle material. It is shown that with the aid of a family of curves of the time dependence of temperature, on employing the graphic method of plotting the thermal cycle (Fig. 1), it is possible to compile a program for the variation of the time required to reach melting point for every individual weld spot during the seam welding. Experimental formulas for determining these factors are presented, and they are used to calculate the pulsating-arc cycle for the welding of non-swivel joints of 22x3 mm tubes of lKhl8N9T steel, with a welding current of 70 a and voltage of 10 v, at a welding rate of 6 m/hr. The theoretical findings thus obtained were checked by welding specimens of these tubes by means of an ATV-15-40 automatic welding machine in accordance with the experimentally selected program, and were found to be in agreement with the experimental findings. Orig. art. has: 2 figures, 3 tables.

Card 2/3



22012

S/135/61/000/006/001/008 A006/A106

1.12300 also 1573

AUTHORS:

Varlamov, I. V., and Ishchenko, Yu. S., Engineers

TITLE:

Programing the conditions of argon-arc welding of pipes with non-

consumable electrodes

PERIODICAL:

Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 6, 1961, 5-6

TEXT: In automatic argon-arc welding of stationary pipe butts of 8-26 mm diameter and over 0.75 mm thick walls fusion over the whole perimeter of the joint is non-uniform. Uniform fusion can only be achieved by changing the welding is non-uniform. Uniform fusion can only be achieved by changing the welding conditions according to a given program. An investigation was made to reveal the conditions according to a given program. An investigation was made to reveal the necessity of programing the conditions in argon-arc butt welding of 8 - 26 mm necessity of programing the conditions in argon-arc butt welding of 8 - 26 mm necessity of programing welding conditions. The welding heat cycle was oped for calculating programing welding conditions. The welding heat cycle was oped for calculating into account the heat transfer in front and at the rear of calculated by taking into account the heat transfer in front and at the rear of the heat source. A formula is given to calculate the heat necessary for fusion:

o.24 · UIyeyt =  $V_{\text{weld}} F_{\text{pr}} C_{\text{p}}^{\text{f}} \gamma \left\{ T_{\text{fus}} - \left[ T(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{x}) \psi_{2}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{p}) + \sum_{i=1}^{T_{1}} T_{i}(\mathbf{r}_{i}, \mathbf{t}_{i}) \right] \right\}$  (5)

where U is the arc voltage; I - arc current; Te arc eff. the effective arc

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22012 S/135/61/000/006/001/008 A006/A106

Programing the conditions ...

efficiency;  $\eta_{\text{th}}$  eff. the thermal efficiency of the process;  $v_{\text{weld}}$  - the welding speed;  $v_{\text{pr}}$  - the section of weld;  $v_{\text{th}}$  - the metal density;  $v_{\text{th}}$  - the initial metal temperature;  $v_{\text{th}}$  - the metal fusion temperature;  $v_{\text{th}}$  - the heat capacity;  $v_{\text{th}}$  and  $v_{\text{th}}$  - coordinates of the point in respect to the movable linear concentrated source; ti - the time from the beginning of operation of the source; r1 - the distance from the given point to the 1-source. The effect of preheating is taken into account to correct the welding conditions in respect to current and speed. In programing of current the speed remains constant, while the current is constant in programing of speed. Program curves are plotted (Fig. 1) according to current and speed, calculated by a number of points in a given order. The program curves are divided into 3 sections: section I, the initial section of the curve is predetermined by the heat saturation period, and the heat emanates only in front of the source; section II - the middle section where the heat emanates in front of the source; section III - the end of curve, where heat emanates in front and at the rear of the source. A method is given to determine the necessity of programing at the front and rear end of the weld, by comparing the time of fusion with the heat saturation time and taking into account the heat emanated at the rear of the heat source. The program curves were checked by welding 1X18H9T (1Kh18N9T) steel pipes (12 x 2; 16 x 1; 16 x 2; 10 x 1.5 mm) on a C-7 (S-7) automatic machine. The results obtained show that programing of

Card 2/5

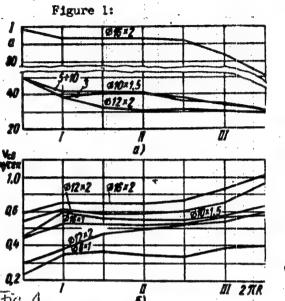
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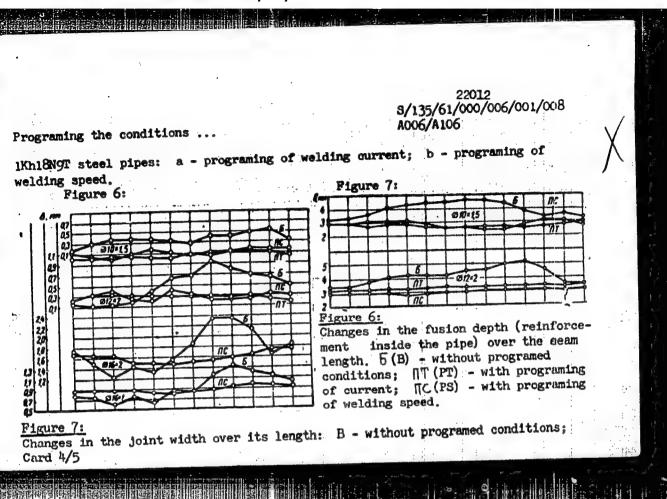
22012 \$/135/61/000/006/001/008 A006/A106

### Programing the conditions ...

the conditions for welding small-diameter pipes, produces high-quality joints. The method of approximate rough calculation to determine the necessity of programing conditions for welding seams at their front and rear ends, and also the approximate calculation of the program, yields satisfactory results. An experimental model of a programing device is suggested assuring the stepped change of the output impedance, controlled from a built-in photo-electric transmitter. In programing of current the device is connected to the basic circuit of the controling triodes and in programing of speed, to the electric motor armature circuit. The unit assures programing of welding conditions and reliable operation during welding process. Figure 1:

Program curves of conditions for welding Card 3/5





Programing the conditions ...

22012 S/135/61/000/006/001/008 A006/A106

PT - with programing of current; PS - with programing of speed.
There are 2 tables, 8 figures and 3 references: 2 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc (Wilkinson, B., Milner, D. R., Heat Transfer form Arcs, "British Welding Journal" no. 2, 1960)

Card 5/5

Ishchenko, Yu. S. (Engineer); Gr	1111 6 6		/0015/0018	1
	inenko. V. I. (En	gineer): Pavlov.	5.5 (u. s.	
er)			53	
ione			KI.	
			78	
Pulse argon-arc welding of nonrot	ating tube seams of	of Kh18N1OT type	steel using	
le electrodes 44,51,14		14		
Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 12	1965 16-19			
AGS: pulse welding, arc welding,	welding electrode	, seam welding, st	teel mutal	
solid medinical property, como a	in realetance			
T: High quality welded seams can s made from Kh18N1OT steel with wa	be obtained by arc	to 5 mm A cools	ing joints	
n which weld current is shown as a				
ality was the general seam formati				
of varying truncated diameter were	used and the infl	luence of this dia	meter on	40
depth was shown; in general, the d				
0.5 to 2.0 mm). The 1.5 to 2.0 mm				
as also plotted as a function of which ranged from 10 to 50 amp.				
				9
d constant with welding current.				1 - 1
d constant with welding current.				
	DC: 621.791.753.9			

### L 11542-66

### ACC NR: AP6000616

shifting of edges occurred from the true vertical. The displacements of the electrode and the seam edges are given for tubes of varying wall thicknesses: the displacement of the edges ranged from 2 to 3 mm while that of the electrodes ranged between 1.5 to 2 mm. Welding data for tube dimensions of 60 × 4, 57 × 5 and 108 × 6 mm are given in tabular form. Samples of weld made by the pulse-arc method and continuous welding are compared, no difference being noted for ordinary mechanical properties or bend angle. Macrostructural and x-ray examination revealed absence of porosity, cracks, lack of fusion and other discontinuities in the metal. Microstructures of various portions of the welded region are also shown. The basic structure studied was a small-grained, austenitic-pearlitic matrix. In the heat affected zone, there was growth of the austenite grains and the weld region had a cast austenitic-pearlitic structure. The effect of pressing during the welding operation was to decrease the ferrite content. Corrosion test results (GOST 6032-58) revealed that the pressed and unpressed welded seams were equally resistant to corrosion attack. Orig. art. has: 7 figures, 2

SUB CODE: 11/3/ SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 000

HW Card 2/2

	L 16521-66 EWT(m)/EWA(d)/EWP(v)/T/EWP(t)/EWP(k) JD/HM ACC NR: AP6006179 SOURCE CODE: UR/0135/66/000/002/0007/0009
	AUTHOR: Yerokhin, A. A. (Doctor of technical sciences); Ishchenko, Yu. S. (Engineer)
	ORG: none
1	TITLE: Regulation of the degree of melting in arc welding nonrotating tube seams
	SOURCE: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 2, 1966, 7-9
11	TOPIC TAGS: arc welding, alloy steel, welding equipment, welding electrode,
A	ABSTRACT: Means of controlling melting during arc welding of 1Kh19N10T steel wase
V	varying the internal processes and fundately seam welds in monrotating tubes by
f	from 70 mm Had for the warties! The transfer of the started by Internal gas pressure which varied
p	from 70 mm H <sub>2</sub> O for the vertical overhead position and -20 mm H <sub>2</sub> O for the underneath position. The pressure was regulated by a separate block mechanism. Schematic diagrams are shown of the removable pressure chamber, the regulating mechanism and the welding cycle. Formulas for the welding force acting on the wall surface in the
	UDC: 621.791.75:621.9-462
7	2

L 16521-66

ACC NR: AP6006179

joint are given. Experimental values of the welding force were obtained for lKh19N10T steel tubes of 3 to 8 mm thickness and 108 mm diameter as a function of the weld angle ( $\alpha$ ). Macrostructures of the welded tube (6 mm thick) are shown for different values of  $\alpha$  ranging from 0 to 270° for currents of 200-210a. The electrode distance to the molten region for the 6 mm thick and 108 mm diameter tube was given as a function of  $\alpha$  for ordinary welding methods and for the method described above. Only with internal pressure regulation was the distance constant: 0.2 electrode distance varied from 1.8 mm at  $\alpha$  = 0° to a low of -0.2 mm at 150°. The internal pressure method was recommended for metals with wall thicknesses between figures, 7 formulas.

SUB CODE: 13/

SUBH DATE: 00/

ORIG REF: 002/

OTH REF: 000

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4"

ACC NR. AT7007316

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/66/000/000/0043/0047

AUTHOR: Volchenko, V. N.; Ishchenko, Yu. S.

ORG: None

TITLE: On methods of programmed control for argon-arc welding of nonrotating pipe

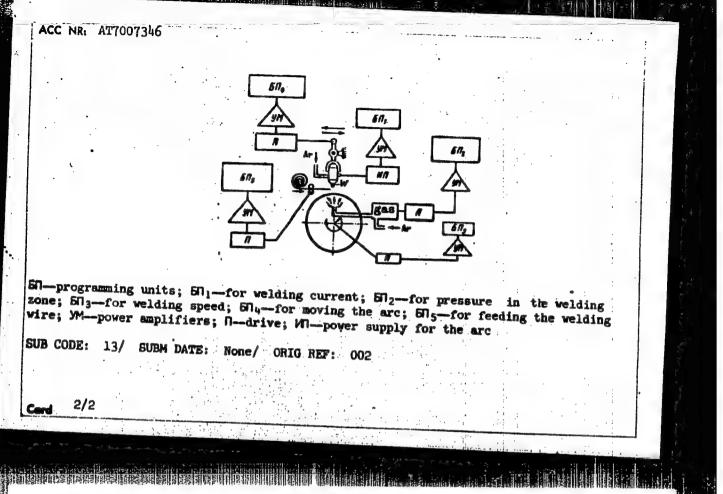
SOURCE: Soveshchaniye po avtomatizatsii protsessov mashinostroyeniya. 4th, 1964. Avtomatizatsiya protsessov svarki i obrabotki davleniyem (Automation of welding and pressure treatment processes); trudy soveshchaniya. Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1966, 43-47

TOPIC TAGS: industrial automation, argon, inert gas welding, automatic control equip-

ABSTRACT: The authors discuss various methods of programmed control applicable to argon-arc welding with a tungsten electrode for joining nonrotating sections of pipe. A simple program includes blowing argon into the joint for a given length of time, switching on the oscillator and striking the main arc for localized heating of the joint, switching on the drive motor for rotating the machine and making the working section of the seam with welding current and speed held constant, overlapping the ends of the seam and a final blast of argon. The problem of compensation for temperature distribution is discussed. A generalized block diagram for possible methods of programmed control of argon-arc welding is shown in the accompanying figure. Orig. art.

Card 1/2

> APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001



ACC NR: AP700198 SOURCE CODE: UR/0125/67/000/001/0051/0052

AUTHOR: Kurkumeli, A.A.; Ishchenko, Yu.S.; Dedkov, L.K.; Rybkin, V.P. (Moscow)

ORG: none

TITLE: S-7B automatic welder

SOURCE: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, no. 1, 1967, 51-52

TOPIC TAGS: tube welding, arc welding, TIG welding, butt welding, WELDER, automatic welding/S-7B welder

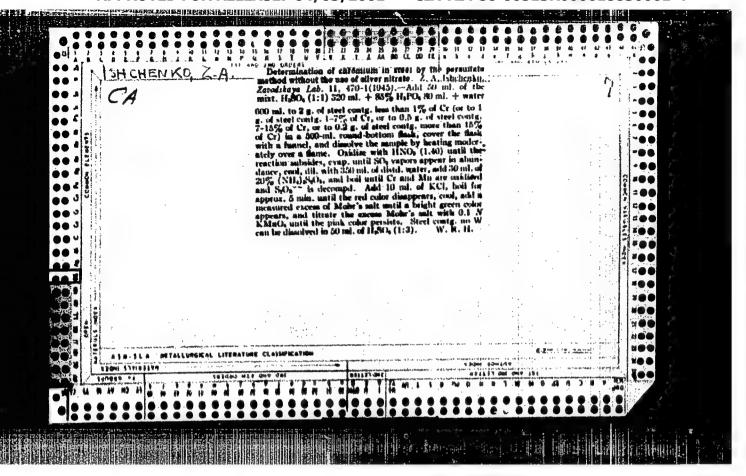
ABSTRACT:

The S-7B automatic welder for TIG welding tubes 8—26 mm in diameter with a wall thickness of 0.5—2.0 mm without filler wire has been built. The welder is 215 mm high and 110 mm long, the welding head weighs 2 kg, and the radius of the rotating parts is 40 mm. The small size and weight make it possible to use the welder in restricted locations without supports for the tubes being joined. The welder has an attachment for programmed control of the welding speed from 10 to 40 m/hr, or of the welding current up to 100 amp. The joints are assembled by means of a centrator, without tacking, and are welded without filler wire and without leveling the tube end faces. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 13/ SUBM DATE: 30May66/ ATD PRESS: 5115

| Card | 1/1

UDC: 621.791.8.03



### CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

Isachen 10, 2-, +, ---

, USSR/General Biology - Individual Development.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 4, 1958, 14397

Author

Isachenko, Z.F.

Inst Title

Methodology of Transplanting Nonfertilized Ovicells and

Zygotes in Laboratory Manmals.

Orig Pub

Uch. zap. Leningr. gos. ped. in-ta, 1955, 110, 59-65

ver 188 (4 1 mg/)

Abstract

A receiver was constructed which permits withdrawal and replantation of nonfertilized ovaries and zygotes, and also their study under the microscope in vitro. The receiver permits the obtaining of ovaries from rabbits without removal of the oviduct from the organism. Optimum timing for transplanting non-fertilized rabbits ovaries and zygotes is given. In the spring-summer season ovulation in rabbits occurs 10-12 hours after mating, during the morning hours. In the fall-winter season, follicular rupture may be delayed up to 24 hours after

Card 1/2

**Card** 2/2

CHOGOSHVILI, N.Ye. [deceased], kand.med.nauk, MECHAYEVA, T.I., kand.med.nauk ISHCHERKO, Z.G., kand.med.nauk,

> Status of the bone marrow and peripheral blood in radiotherapy of malignant tumors. Vest.rent. 1 rad. 33 no.4:84-86 J1-Ag '58 (MIRA 11:8)

> 1. Is radiologicheskogo otdela (mav. - prof. A.V. Koslova) i genatologicheskoy laboratorii (sav. - kand.wed.nauk E.Ye. Chogoshvili [deceased] Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta rentgenologii i radiologii Ministerstva sdravookhraneniya RSFSR (dir. - dots. I.G. Lagunova).
> (MMCPLASMS, ther.

radiother., eff. on bone warrow & peripheral blood (Rus)) (RADIOTHERAPY, in various dis.

cancer, eff. on bone marrow & peripheral blood (Rus)) (BONE MARROW, eff. of radiations on

radiother. in cancer (Rus))

(BLOOD, eff. of radiations on radiother. on peripheral blood in cancer (Rus))

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

### CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

USSR/Microbiology - Medical and Veterinary.

F-4

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 7, 1957, 26406

Author

Ishchenko-Linnik, K.M., Khotimaskaya, B.Z., Parkhomenko,

L.I., Savitskaya, E.K.

Inst

Kharkov Scientific Reacarch Institute of Vaccines and

Sera

Title

The Etiological Structure of Dysentery

Orig Bub

: Sb. tr. Kahr'kovsk. n.-i. in-ta vaktsin i syvorotok,

1955, 22, 7-12

Abst.

: Studies conducted in 1948-1952 revealed the growth of implantability of dysentery bacteria among dysentery patients, convalescents, and exposed individuals. In 1950-1952, Grigoryev-Shig bacteria were entirely absent, while the proportion of Sonne bacteria increased from 2% in 1948 to 23% in 1952. The proportion of Flexner bacteria fell from 86.3% in 1948 to 59.2-68% in 1952. The type distribution among Flexmer bacteria

Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

F-4

USSR/Microbiology - Medical and Veterinary.

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 7, 1957, 26406

showed no changes, and V and W serotypes predominated. An increase in the implantability of Mewcastle bacteria is noted. A decrease in the implantability of Flexmer bacteria in summer and autumn months is noted, accompanied by a growth of the transmissibility of Sonne bacteria. Chronic dysentery patients give evidence of Sonne bacteria 3 times less frequently than acute cases. This fact suggests a dominant role of Flexner bacteria in the development of acute forms.

Card 2/2

Card 1/1

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

ISHCHENKO-LEMNIK, E. Y.; KHOTMSKAYA, B. Z.; DERKACH, V. S.; VCLVICH, N. I.; BELAYA, O. S.; ZLATOPOL'SKAYA, R. D.

"Combined treatment of children suffering from chronic dysentery."

Report submitted at the 13th All-Union Congress of Hygienists, Epidemiologists and Infectionists. 1959

GRES'-EDEL'MAN, B.Ye.; VEYTSMAN, R.Ye.; BELAYA, O.S.; OLEYNIKOVA, Ye.A.; YEMEL'YANOVA, O.I.; ISHCHENKO-LIHNIK, K.M.; VEL'VOVSKAYA, R.I.; RUMYANTSEVA, I.V.

Study of an outbreak of toxicoseptic diseases caused by Rischerichia coli type 0 III. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid. i immun. 30 no.5:145 My '59. (MIRA 12:9)

l. Iz Khar'kovskogo instituta vaktsin i syvorotok imeni Michnikova i Khar'kovskogo instituta okhrany materinstva i detstva. (INTESTINES--DISHASES)

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Card 8/10	Boblashtorn. N. J. (Institut pitalips NM SSSR (Institute of Builtion of the Academy of Medical Sciences of the USSR); Apperimental Use of Londoncennes Microscopy in Mycology Street Landon	Economius, A. P., and K. H. Ischento-Limik. Study by the Laminescence Microscoff Method or the Morphology of Certain Sparagenous and Asparagenous Sactoria	Apstickly V. D. [Kinkinersky gondarstvennyy melicalmity institut [Kinkiner State Medical Institute]]. Landon seemes Microscopic Analysis of Skin Cancer	Justine course Properties of Ingrelletts and Subbers Made Hattanal Rubber Rubbers, Ys., M. J., Meysel', and A. V. Oorktine (Institut biologicbarkoy first M SSSR (Institute of Hiological Payles AS USSR)). Ludiescent Microscopy of Living Organs	Intrant, Mi. (Inabhentality succino-isablectores: 122) institut hostitute of the Gable fedesty)]. Errestiga- ten by the Lunterscence Wethod of the Diffusion of identics in Rubbers  Revence, Y. W., and Y. D. Entieres [Enuther- isaladorstel'skiy institute resinowyhs i later knowh indelig (sidentific Research Institute of Rubber and Lear Froducts)).	Partish_A.F., L.Ys. Ebechit, A.D. Chugay, and M. L. Sthebulish (REC. Klywnogo savoda Tessny Britabahik, Klywnogo savoda Tessny Britabahik, Klywnogo savoda Tessny Refisibihik, Klyw University)). Laminsporpes Analysis of Nubbers	accompany most of the articles.  **Mailtarich_N_N_N	was not concerned with studies on the postpooreview. The content of Sorder because the content of Sorder because the content of Sorder and partial state of the content of	eases suboda for the determination of treakins, survival as incline absence and the determination of treakins, as well as landon for the determination of atta cancer and the determination for the deposits of atta cancer and the determination for pathogenic attroorquations, etc. The structural design pathogenic or incline scarce analysis is described. The	remains not given; these studies are concerned of conference not given; these studies are concerned of the the development of net hunterscores setheral for a grid qualitative chemical analysis, and with the applica- ments of the analysis, and with the application of the applicat	purpose: This collection or mirrare as assessment and for entertific per- jetted intermed in adjacture interference, and for entertific per- soneral concerned with applications of this and valued phenomena in research in the life sciences.  The collection contains 25 papers read at the Sighth Con- computate: The collection contains 25 papers read at the Sighth Con- computate: The collection contains 25 papers read at the Sighth Con-	General Mas W. A. Bortherich; Mas L. Timofeyer; Tech. Ed.; M. Siderho.	Briedy lymninesterrinogo snalini saleriniy sovenezannye (re addition) indexende Analysis; Materials of the 6th Gonference) Missi, Materials of the 6th Gonference) Missi, Materials of the 6th Gonference) Missi, Materials of the first state	HAME I MONT EXPLANATION Services to Lyundan Standard, 8th, 1979		
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CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4"

### ISHCHENKO- UDAL OVA, N.F.

Diagnostic value of X-ray photographs of the pelvis and the hip joint in the sacrotrochanterian projection. Trudy Ukr. nauch.-issl. inst. ortop. i travm. no.15:59-64 '59 (MIRA 16:12)

1. Iz Sverdlovskogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta vosstanovitel noy khirurgii, travmatologii i ortopedii.

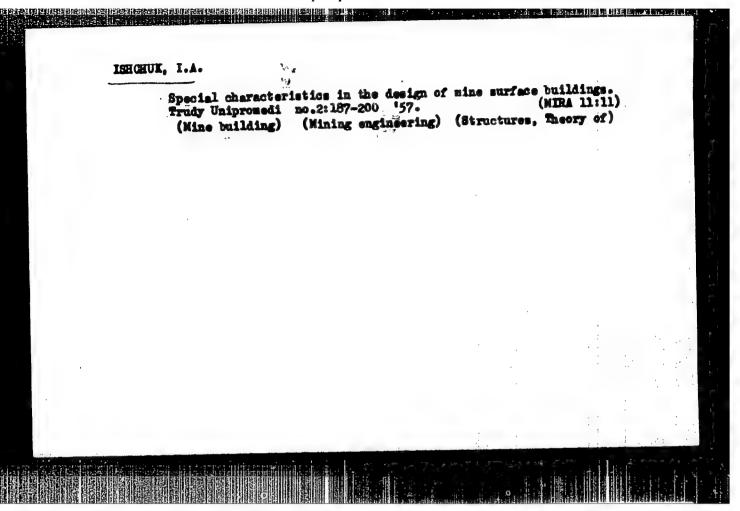
BUTOMA, B.Ye.; YEGOROV, M.Ye.; DEREVYANKO, Yu.G.; KHABAKHPASHEV, A.A.; BAKAYEV, V.G.; ISHKOV, A.A.; KOLESNICHENKO, N.S.; KAMENTSEV, V.M.; GORSHKOV, S.G.; KASATONOV, M.A.; ISHCHENKOV, N.V.; AFANAS YEV, S.A.; TITOV, G.A.; LARIONOV, M.F.

Boris Evgen'evich Klopotov; obituary. Sudostroenie 30 no.11:81 '64. (MIRA 18:3)

GARNISH, A.M.; SHAFRANSKIY, L.M.; DANILOVA, A.G.; KUZ'MINA, V.A.; Prinimali uchastiye: ZVEZDINA, E.A.; ISHCHERIKOVA, G.A.

Obtaining acrolein from a propane-propylene fraction. Nefteper. i neftekhim. no.10:26-28 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Novokuybyshevskiy filial Nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta sinteticheskikh spirtov.



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4"

ISHCHUK, I., nauchnyy setrudnik; KUZNETSOV, G., nauchnyy setrudnik

Water injection into the ceal seam. Mast. ugl. 8 ns.7:8 Jl '59.
(MIRA 12:10)

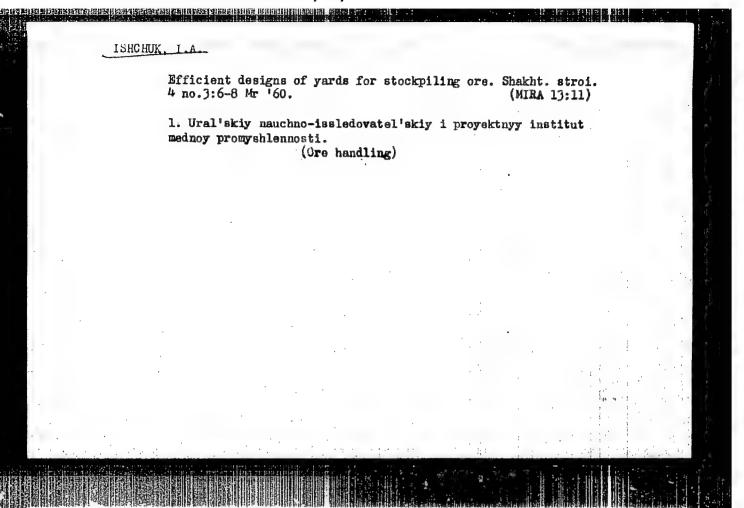
1.Institut gernege dela AN SSSR.
(Ceal mines and mining) (Mine dusts)

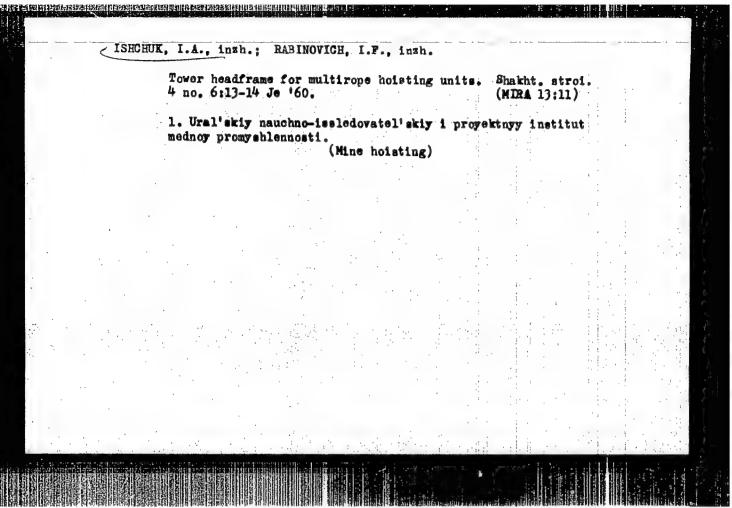
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4"

ISHCHUK, I.A., inzh.; RABIMOVICH, I.F., inzh.

Construction elements of copper furnaces. Prom.stroi. 38 no.2:
53 '60. (MIRA 13:5)

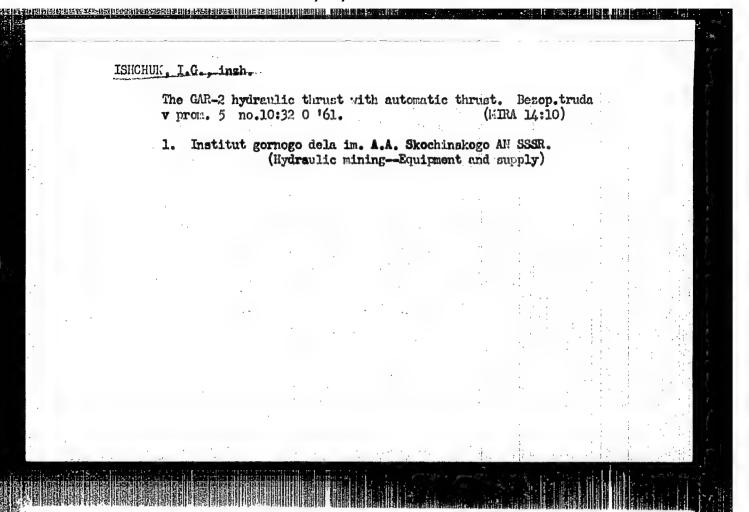
1. Unipromed. (Copper industry—Equipment and supplies)
(Precast concrete construction)



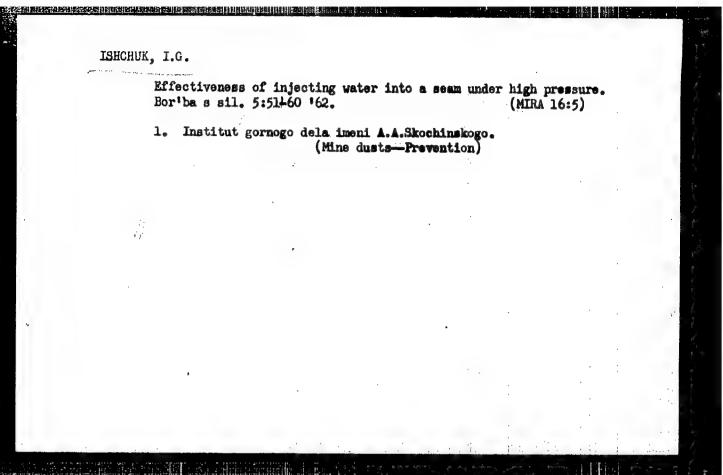


ISHCHUK, I.G., gornyy inzh.; MAZUROV, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk

Refectiveness of loosening coal blocks and controlling dust by means of water infusion into the seam in stoping operations. Ugol' 35 no.8:43-47 Ag '60. (Stoping (Mining))



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4"



NIKONOV, G.P., kand.tekhn.nauk; ISHCHUK, I.G., kand.tekhn.nauk

Estimating the fracturability of coal by a hydraulic giant jet. Ugol' 40 no.1:27-31 Ja '65. (MIRA 18:4)

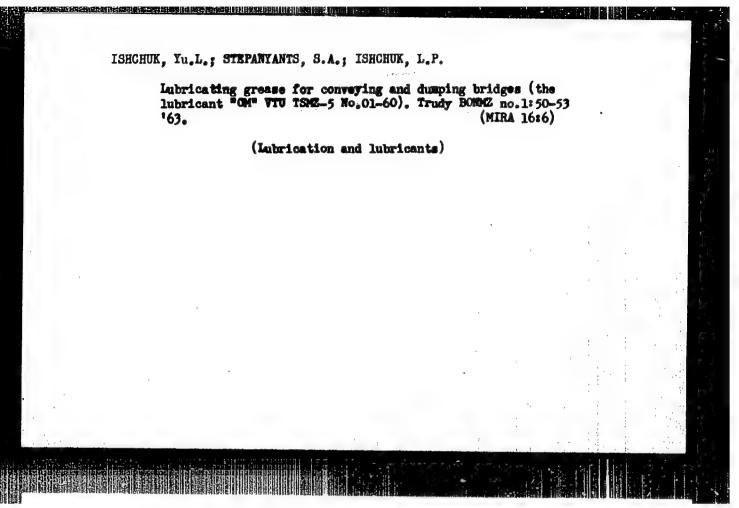
1. Institut gornogo dela im. A.A.Skochinskogo.

KUZ'MICH, I.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; ISHCHUK, I.C., kand.tekhn.nauk; KUZNETSOV, G.I., inzh.

Weakening the coal massif is a means of increasing the efficiency of hydre.tic mining. Ugol\* 40 no.3:34-36 Mr \*65.

1. Institut gornogo dela im. A.A.Skochinskogo.

(MIRA 18:4)



= 55612-95 ShT(T) LPF(E)/T Pr-4 DJ/RM

**国建设民党公司在全国委员会公司任任**党的国际公司任任日日日日日日日日

ACCESSION NR: AP5011691

TR/0065/65/000/005/0045/0049 665.59

AUTHORS: Sinitsyn, V. V.; Ishchuk, Yu. L.; Nakonechna, M. B.; Molosyuk, R. C.; Ishchuk, L. F.; Prekepchuk, V. A.; Umanskaya, O. I.

TITLE: Solid lubricants" thickened with soaps of the mixtures of unsaturated acids and with synthetic (saturated) fatty acids d

SOURCE: Khimiya i tekhnologiya topliv i masel, no. 5, 1965, 45-49

TOPIC TAGS: lubricant, solid lubricant, lubricant viscosity, soap, saturated of hydrocarbon, acid, unsaturated compound, synthetic hydrocarbon / USs 2 grease, USs automobile grease, 3V spindle oil, SV engine oil, ICZhV(TUMKhP 250 51) claic acid

ABSTRACT: The effect of the degree of saturation of the fatty acid radical in calcium scap on the structure and properties of hydrated calcium lubricants was studied in an effort to improve the quality of synthetic lubricants. Because synthetic fatty soids (FA) contain primarily the saturated carboxylic acids, it was assumed that the slittion of unsaturated acids would change drastically the properties of their calcium scaps, resulting in end-products identical in quality Core 1/4.

L 53616-65

ACCESSION NR: APSOLIGOL

to the natural ones. The solid lubricants described here were made from a micture of 3V spindle oil and SV engine oil with viscosity of 39.2 centistoke at 500. DOZhV(TURKHP 250 51) cleic acid, the SFA fractions No. 3 and (C<sub>10</sub>-C<sub>16</sub>), and their mixtures served as the saponification stock. The SFA composition was determined chromatographically. The samples of lubricants were prepared in an autoclave. The process and the quality evaluation method used it these experiments were described previously by Yu. L. Ishchuk and V. V. Sinitsyn (Khim. it tekhnol. topliv i masel, No. 9, 1964). Characteristic preparties of the lubricants and of the materials used and tabulated. The effects of stock composition in the viscosity, meaning strength, and the collicial stability of the products of the viscosity, meaning strength, and the collicial stability of the products of the viscosity, meaning strength, and the collicial stability of the products of the viscosity, meaning strength, and the collicial stability of the products of the viscosity in the products of the viscosity, meaning strength, and the collicial stability of the products of the viscosity of th

f unsaturation were required in smaller amounts for the production of lubricants with the given qualities. Properties of the lubricant prepared with scaps cornaining 15-1005 unsaturated acids were inferior. At 700 they developed a coat of hard gelatinous film and charged their color. Optimal mixtures for the production of synthetic lubricants with proper thermal and exidation stability and with other properties similar to those of natural oils contained:

Card 2/4

ACCESSION NR: APSOLI691
unsaturated acids: 60-75%; SFA: 25-40%. Orig. art. has: 2 tables and 3
ASSOCIATION: none
SUBMITTED: 00 ENCL: 01 SUB CODE: FP
NO REF SOV: 006 OTHER: 000

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4

L 1,5937-00 ENT(m), T DJ, 3D (A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/65/000/000/0067/0076

AUTHOR: Ishchuk, Yu. L.; Sinitsyn, V. V.; Prokopchuk, V. A.; Nakonechnaya, M. B.; Yan'kovskaya, N. K.; Ishchuk, L. P.; Pobortsey, E. P.

ORG: UkrNIIgiproneft

29 341

TITLE: Effect of water concentration and composition of fatty acids on the structure and properties of synthetic greases "

SOURCE: Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya (Petroleum refining and petroleum chemistry). Kiev, Naukova dumka, 1965, 67-76

TOPIC TAGS: fatty acid, grease

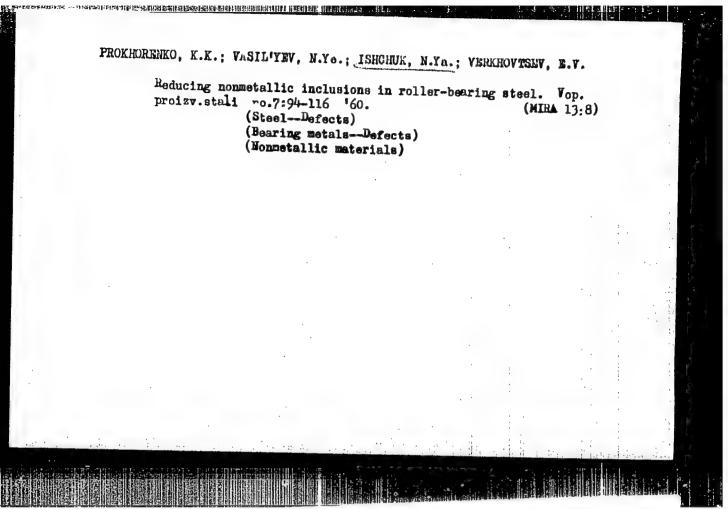
ABSTRACT: A series of greases were prepared from the residue of the synthesis of synthetic fatty acids (acid number 103 mg KOH/g), C5-Co acids (280 mg KOH/g), and acid water (248 mg KOH/g); the dispersion medium was a mixture of Z spindle oil and S machineoil. This composition corresponds to that of commercial synthetic grease. It was found that a change in the water content of the greases in the range of 1 to 5% does not affect their volume mechanical properties or structure, indicating that it is desirable to raise the water content of such greases to 4-5%. The structure of hydrated calcium lubricants prepared from soaps of narrow fractions of heat-treated and distilled synthetic fatty acids and their mixtures differs from the structure of fatty and synthetic greases in that it consists of rod-shaped, petal-shaped, and flaky soap

Card 1/2

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S/137/61/000/011/027/123 A060/A101

AUTHORS:

Prokhorenko, K.K., Ishchuk, N.Ya., Vvedenskiy, V.S., Vasil'yev, N.

Ye., Verkhovtsev, E.V.

TITLE:

Reduction of the contamination of electric steel by fine cracks and

non-metallic impurities

FERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, no. 11, 1961, 53, abstract 11V305 (V sb. "Vopr. proiz-va stali", no. 8, Kiyev, AN USSR, 1961,

55 - 69)

TEXT: Steel 30 XH 2 MGA (30KhN2MFA) is smelted in 20-ton are furnaces and is cast in 2-ton ingots. In connection with the fact that this steel is sensitive to fine cracks, a study was made of the influence of the reducing method upon formation of fine cracks, its nonmetallic impurity content and its mechanical characteristics. The following variants of the reduction method were tried out: diffusion reduction by 75% Fe-Si with the admixture of 0.5 kg Al per ton at the end of the heat; the same but with Al added before the admixture of Fe-Cr; "precipitation" reduction by 45% Fe-Si and 0.5 kg Al per ton at the end of the heat; the same with 1.5 kg Si-Cd per ton in the ladle; reduction of 45% Fe-

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-2

ISHCHUK, N. Ya., kand. tekhn. nauk; PROKHORENKO, K.K., kand. tekhn. nauk; YEMEL YANENKO, Yu.G., insh.

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Using exothermic mixtures to obtain slag during steel pouring. Met. i gornorud. prom. no.5:72-75 S-0 163.

(MIRA 16:11)

l. Institut ispol'sovaniya gasa AN UkrSSR.

S/137/61/000/012/021/149 A006/A101

AUTHORS:

Prokhorenko, K. K., Ishchuk, N. Ya., Vasil'yev, N. Ye.

TITLE:

Distribution of non-metallic impurities in ball bearing steel ingots

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, no. 12, 1961, 59, abstract 12V359 (V sb. "Vopr. proizv-va stali", no. 8, Kiyev, AN UkrSSR, 1961, 70 - 77)

To study the distribution of non-metallic impurities, 3 ingots weighing 700, 2,000 and 3,000 kg were syphon-cast from metal of one heat. The steel was melted in a 20-ton electric furnace. Diffusion deoxidation of the metal was performed with lew-carbide slag which was converted into white slag at the end of the reduction period. The metal was finally deoxidized with Al (450 g/t). During the teeming of the heat into the ladle the metal was mixed with the slag. The composition of the steel in % was: C 1.0, Mn '0.34, 81 0.28, S 0.01, P 0.014, Cr. 1.3. Plates were produced by longitudinal axial cutting of the cast ingots. After polishing the plates, imprints were taken for S determination and their surfaces: were subjected to deep etching. Specimens of the plates were subjected to metallographic investigations of non-metallic impurities, electrolytic dissolving

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Distribution of non-metallic impurities...

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and determinations of chemical heterogeneity. Specimens and samples were taken off the crust zone, the zone-of columnar and equiaxial crystals, and along the inget axis. Along the inget height samples were taken every 200 mm. It was established that non-uniform contamination of the steel by non-metallic impurities was due to the heterogeneous macrostructure of the ingets. The middle and lower portion of the ingets where the macrostructure is worst, were most contaminated with non-metallic impurities. A direct dependence was established between the extent of non-metallic impurities and the inget weight, but no such dependence was revealed for the content and the area of impurities.

P. Arsent'yev

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

ISHCHUK, N.Ya., kand.tekhn.nauk; PROKHORENKO, K.K., inzh.

Accelerating the making of electric steel. Met. i gornorud.
prom. no.2:11-14 Mr-Ap '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Institut ispol'sovaniya gaza AN UkrSSR.
(Steel--Riectrometallurgy)

 DOEROKHOTOV, N.N., akademik [deceased]; CREBEN', K.A.; KONYUKH, V.Ya.; POKOTILO, Ye.P.; KOEZA, I.I.; GOL'DENERIG, I.B.; PROKHORENKO, K.K.; ISHCHUK, N.Ya.; KHAN, B.Kh.; [Steel production in open-hearth furnaces] Martenovskoe proizvodstvo stali. Moskva, Izd-vo "Metallurgiia," 1964. 239 p. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Akademiya nauk Ukr.SSR (for Dobrokhotov).

PROKHORENKO, Kim Kondrat'yevich; VERKHOVTSEV, Emil' Vladimirovich;

BAKUMENKO, Sergev Panteleyevich; VASIL'YEV, Nikoley
Yegorovich; SERCHUK, Nikoley Yakovlevich; FADEYEV, Ivan
Gavrilovich; NOSOV, Viktor Aleksandrovich; SEMEMENKO, Petr
Pimonovich; ISUPOV, Vasiliy Fedorovich

[Making and pouring quality steels] Vyplavka i razlivka kachestvennykh stalei. Moskva, Izd-vo Metallurgiia, 1964.
200 p. (MIRA 17:8)

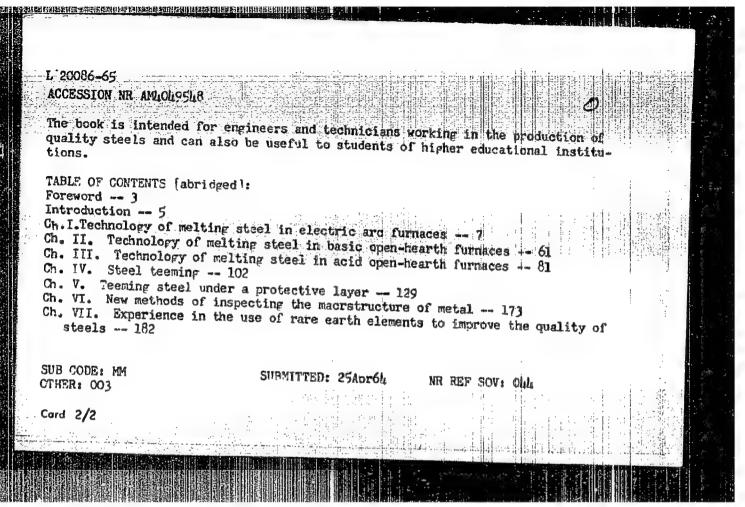
#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RD

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830001-4

L 20086-65 EVIT (m) / EVIP(t) / EVIP(b) JD/MLK ACCESSION HR AMIOLOSIAS AND PROBE EXPLOITATION & ARREST OF Prokhorenko, Kim Kondrat'vevich; Verkhovtsev, Emil' Vladimirovich; Bakumenko Sergey Panteleyevich; Vasil'yev, Nikolay YEporovich; Ishchak, Nikolay YAkovlevich: Fidever, lvin Cavrilovich; Nesev, Viktor Alelgandreuich; Serenenco. Petr limen vich; Isiaci, Issiliy Federovich Melting and pouring of quality steels (Vy\*playka i razliyka kachestyenny\*kh staley), Moscow, Izd-vc "Metallurgiya", 1964, 200 p. illus., biblic. Errata slip inserted. 2,450 copies printed. TOFIC TAGS: quality steel, steel teeming, steel melting, metallurgical furnace PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book reports on the results of work on improving the technology of melting, deoxidation, and teeming of quality steels in electric arc. acid and basic open-hearth furnaces conducted at the Izhevsk Metallurgical Plant and the Saroysk Metallurgical Combine. Great attention is given to description of the measures to reduce contamination with nonmetallic inclusions of ball bearing

and structural steels, presentation of material on the effectiveness of teeming steel under a liquid slag, and to increasing the output of sound metal from the ingots due to the use of various methods of heating their hot top. The results of using rare earth elements for deoxidation and modification of steel are given.

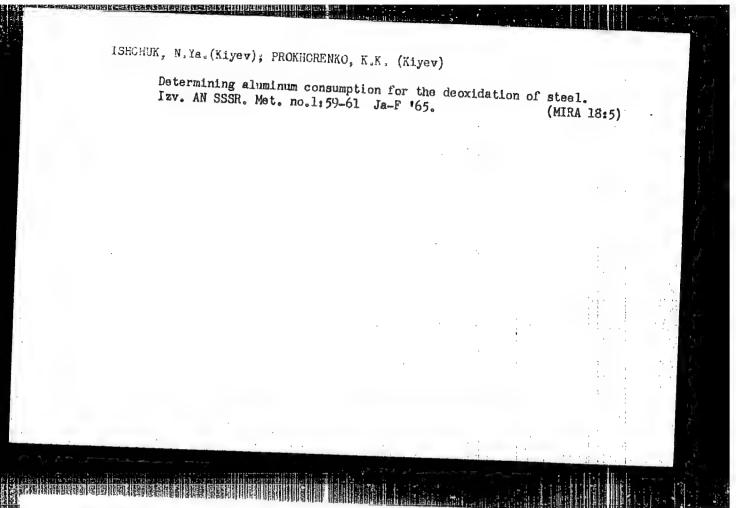


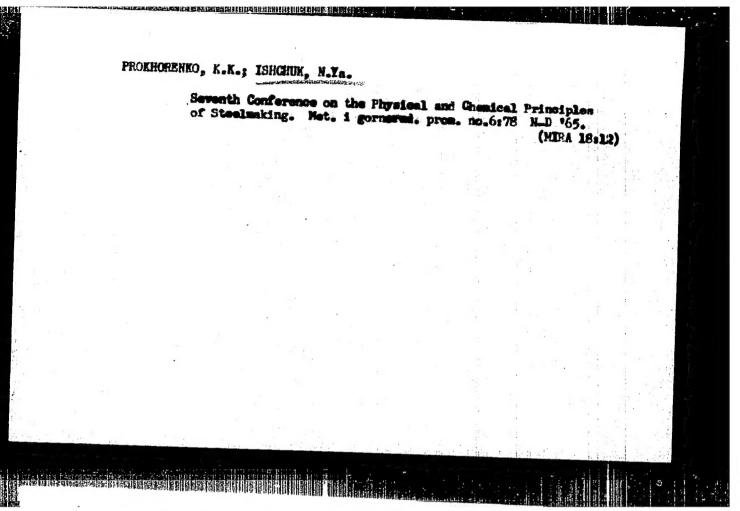
KHAN, Boris Khononovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; ISHCHUK, Nikolay Yakovlevich, kand. tekhn. nauk; DOBRCKHOTOV, N.N., akademik, red.

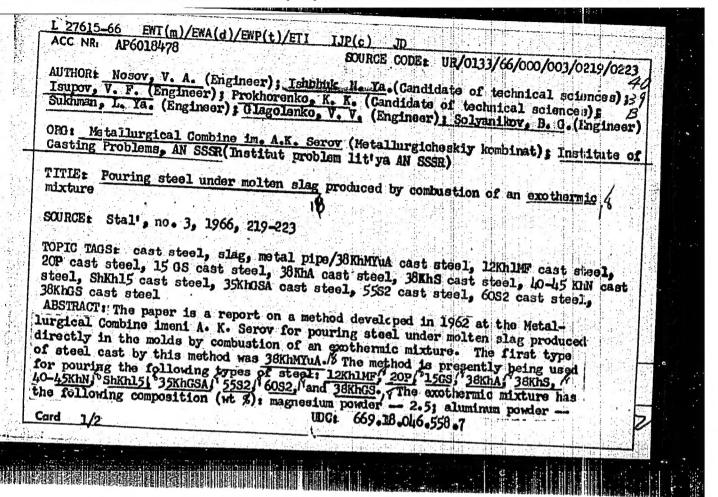
[Deoxidation, degassing and alloying of steel] Raskislenie, degazatsiia legirovanie stali. Izd.2., dop. i perer. Mo-skva, Metallurgiia, 1965. 253 p. (MIRA 18:4)

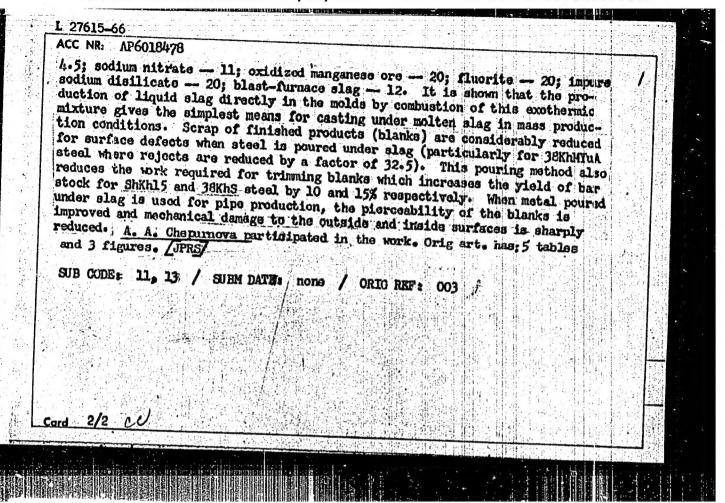
1. Akademiya nauk Ukr.SSR (for Dobrokhotov).

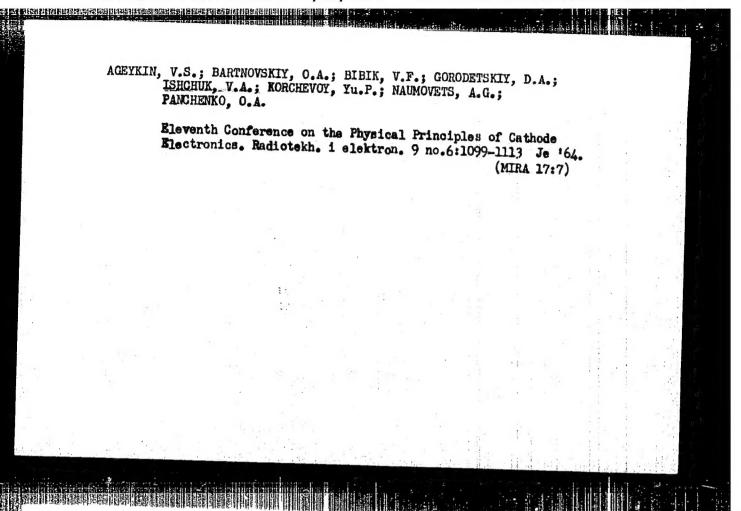
L 51 'L-15 EWI'm // EWE (b) JD ACCES TON NR: AP5010907 - K/0286/65/000/007/0095/0096 AUTHOR: Nosov, V. A.; Is anuk, N. Ya.; Isupov, V. F.; Prokhorenko K. S.; Jukhman, L. Va.: Tagolenko, V. V. TITLE Evothermic nix ice for producing synthetic slag. Class 31, Fo. 169761 Soundies - equivates 'faobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 7, 1965, 95+96 TOP: 13 . synthetic slag, synthetic slag mixture ABSURACT: This Author Certificate introduces an exothermic slagforming mixture which is added into ingot molds. To improve the similars of agents, for state constats of 2.0-2.5% magnesium power der, '-- 1 % dal'timest. 'n powder, 13-187 aluminum nowder, 7-- 21 or at micrate, woman oxidized manganese ore or cinder, 18-25% fluorite, 12-20% silicate, and 8-14% blast-furnace slag. ASSOCIATION: none SUBMITTED: 28Hay62 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: NO REF SOV: 000 OTHER: 000 ATD PRESS: 4006











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